

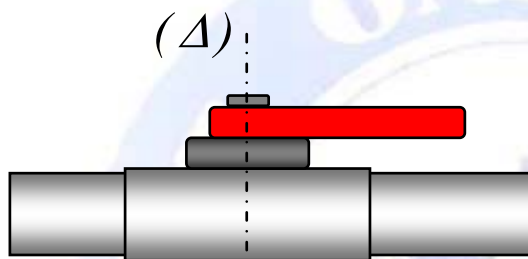


-1 :  
( ) : 3-

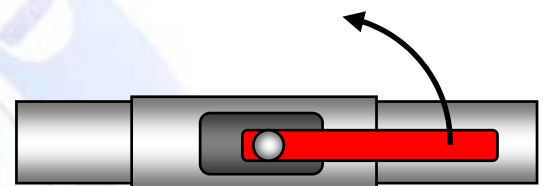
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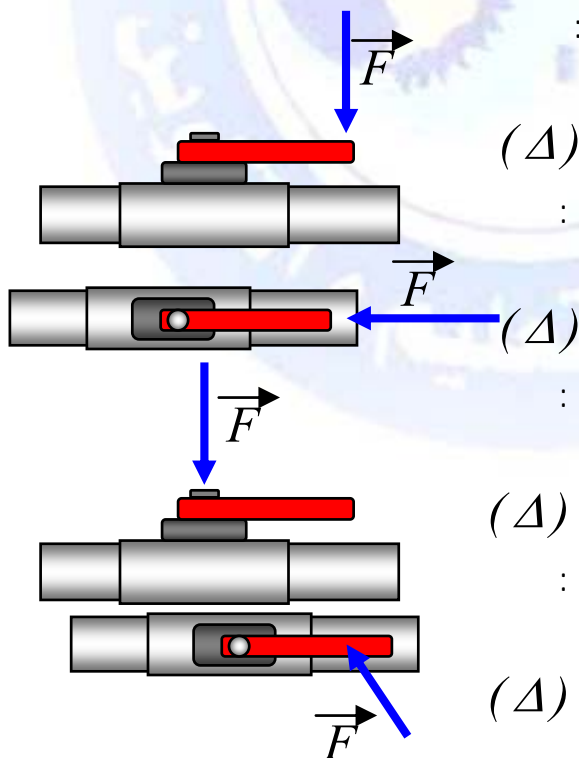
-2



شكل - 1-2



شكل - 1-1



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(Δ)

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2 - 1

$$M_{(\Delta)}(\vec{F}) = F \cdot d$$

N . m

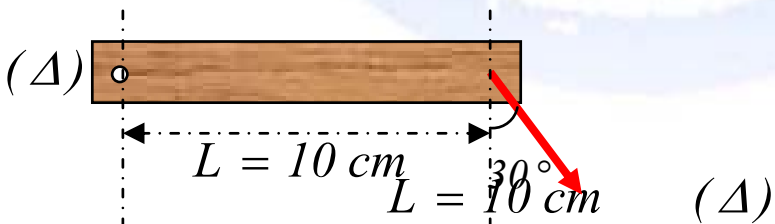
(d)

F

(d)

(d)

:-



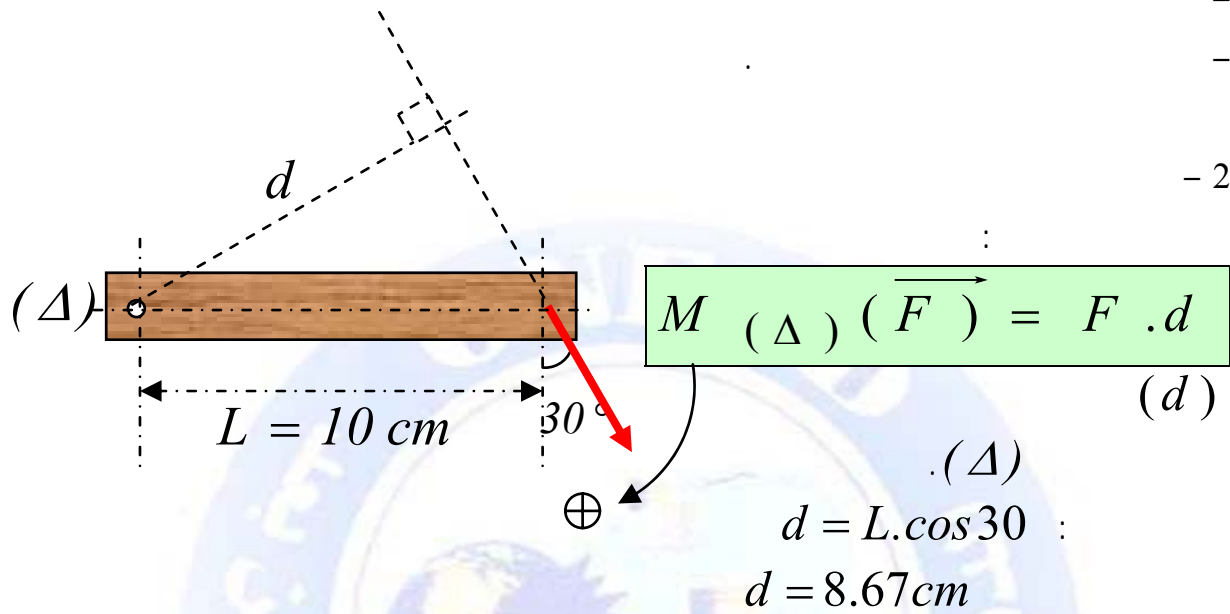
$F = 5\text{ N}$

(O)

- 1

(Δ)

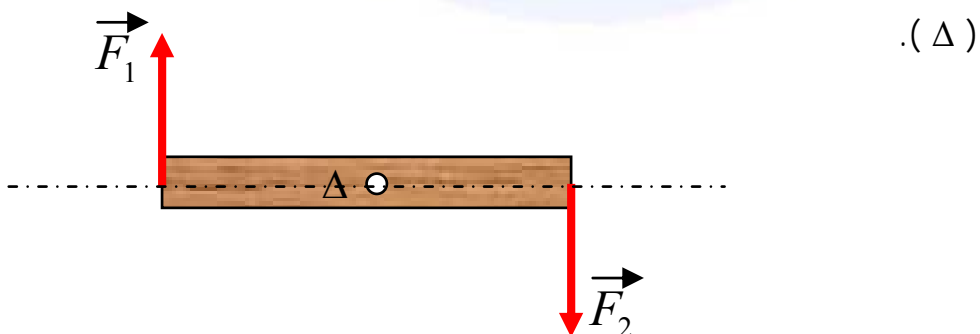
- 2



$$M_{(\Delta)}(\vec{F}) = 5 \times 0,867 \Rightarrow$$

$$M_{(\Delta)}(\vec{F}) = 4,34 \text{ N.m}$$

Δ \_\_\_\_\_ - 2  
:1 \_\_\_\_\_



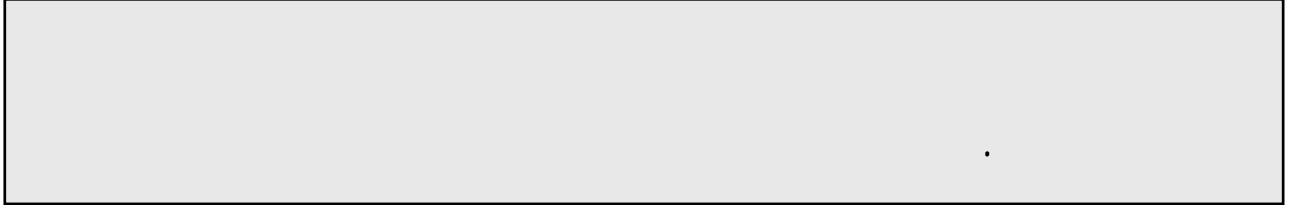
- 1  
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\_\_\_\_\_ :

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\_\_\_\_\_ :2

$$F_1 = F_2 = F = 1N$$



$d_1$

$d_2$



- 1

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\_\_\_\_\_ :

- 1

$$M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1) = F_1 \cdot d_1 \quad : F_1$$

$$M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_2) = F_2 \cdot d_2 \quad : F_2$$

\_\_\_\_\_ :

- 2

$$M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1) + M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_2) = F_1 \cdot d_1 + F_2 \cdot d_2 = F(d_1 + d_2) = F \cdot d$$

$$M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1) + M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_2) = F \cdot d$$



$d_1$

$d_2$



$d$

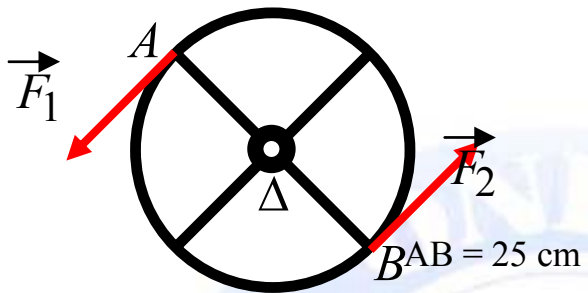
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:

$$M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2) = F \cdot d$$

:\_\_\_\_\_



B A  $(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2)$   
 $F_1 = F_2 = F = 1,5 \text{ N}$

.Δ

:\_\_\_\_\_

:

$$M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2) = F \cdot d \Rightarrow$$

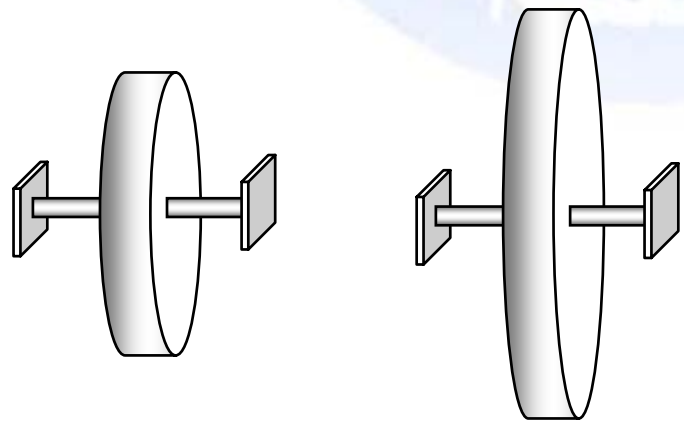
$$M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2) = F \cdot AB$$

$$M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2) = 1,5 \times 0,25$$

$$M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2) = 37,5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

:\_\_\_\_\_ - 3

:1\_\_\_\_\_



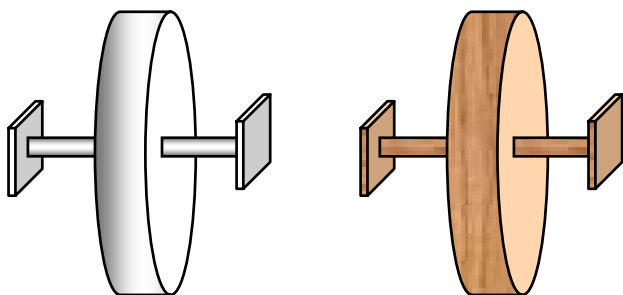
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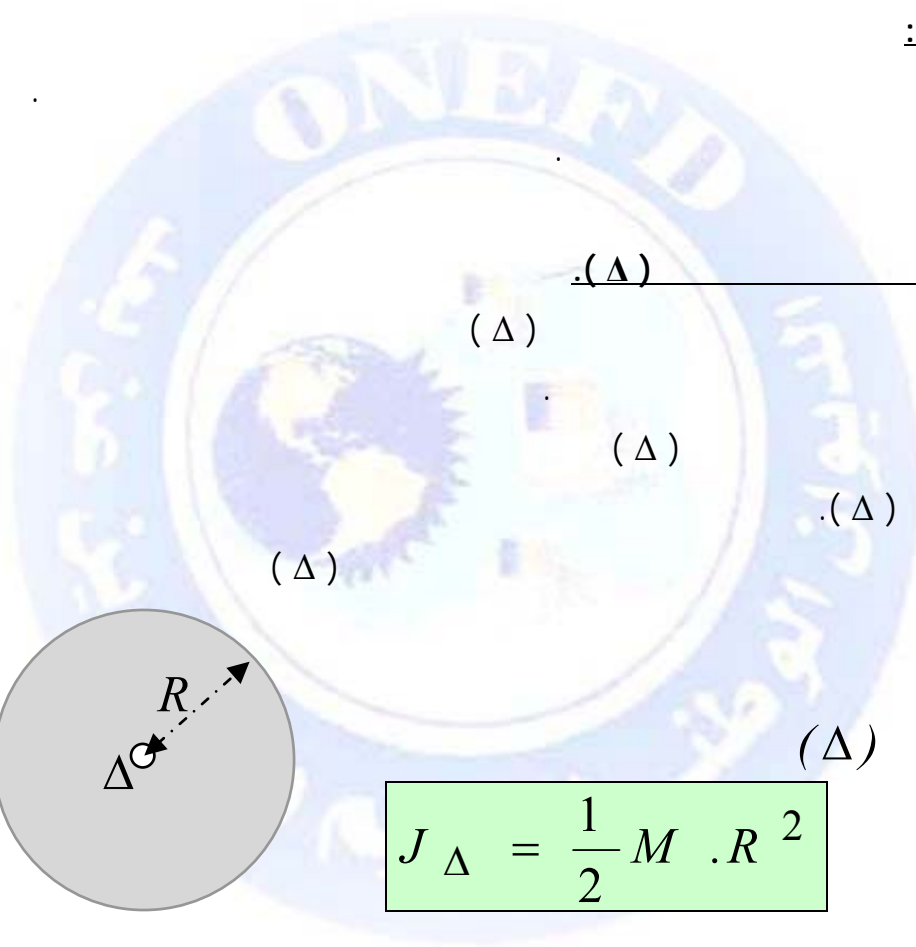
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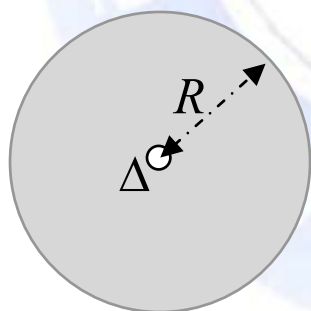
.(Δ)

(Δ)

(Δ)

.(Δ)

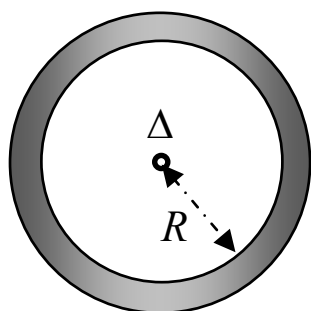
(Δ)



- 1

(Δ)

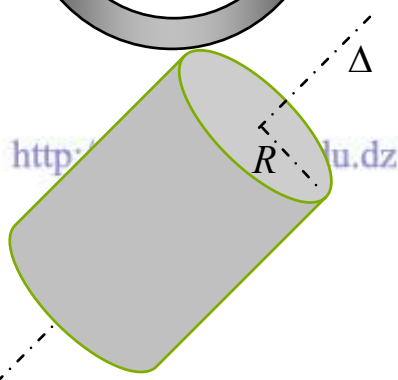
$$J_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} M \cdot R^2$$



(Δ)

- 2

$$J_{\Delta} = M \cdot R^2$$

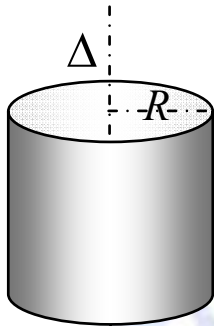


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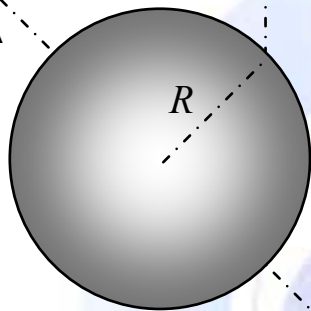
- 3

$$J_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} M . R^2$$



– 4

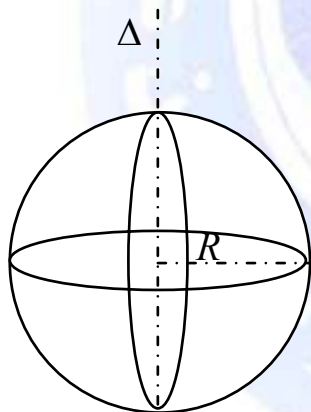
$$J_{\Delta} = M . R^2$$



– 5

$$J_{\Delta} = \frac{2}{3} M . R^2$$

(Δ)



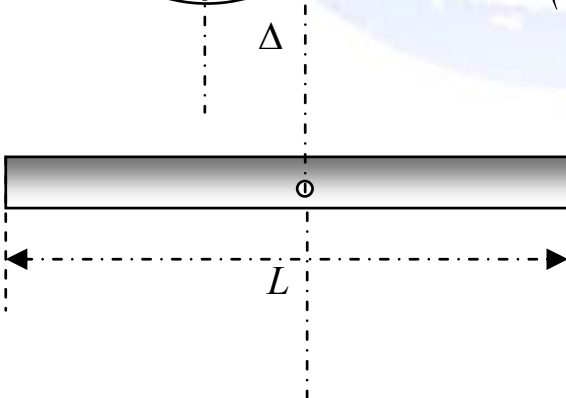
(Δ)

– 6

$$J_{\Delta} = M . R^2$$

(Δ)

– 7

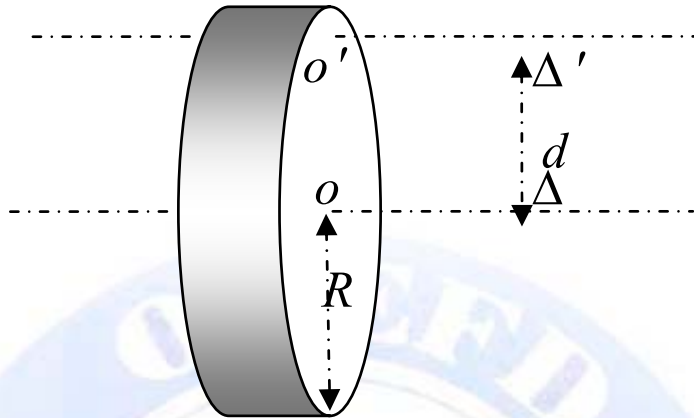


$$J_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{12} M . R^2$$

\_\_\_\_\_ :

$(\Delta')$

$(\Delta)$



\_\_\_\_\_ :

$(\Delta')$

$(\Delta')$

$(\Delta)$

:

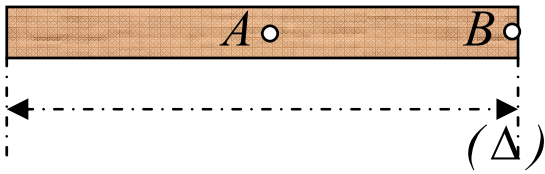
$$J_{\Delta'} = J_{\Delta} + M.d^2$$



\_\_\_\_\_ :

( m ) ( L ) .

- 1



( A ) .

( Δ )

- 2

( Δ )

( B )

( Δ' )

L = 20 cm m = 200 g

- 3

\_\_\_\_\_ :

:

( Δ )

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$$J_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{12} m . L^2$$

( Δ )

( Δ' )

- 2

:

( B )

$$J_{\Delta'} = J_{\Delta} + M . d^2 \Rightarrow J_{\Delta'} = \frac{1}{12} m . L^2 + m . \left( \frac{L}{2} \right)^2$$

:

$$J_{\Delta'} = \frac{1}{3} m . L^2$$

$$J_{\Delta'} = 3,33 . 10^{-3} Kg . m^2 : ( \Delta )$$

- 3

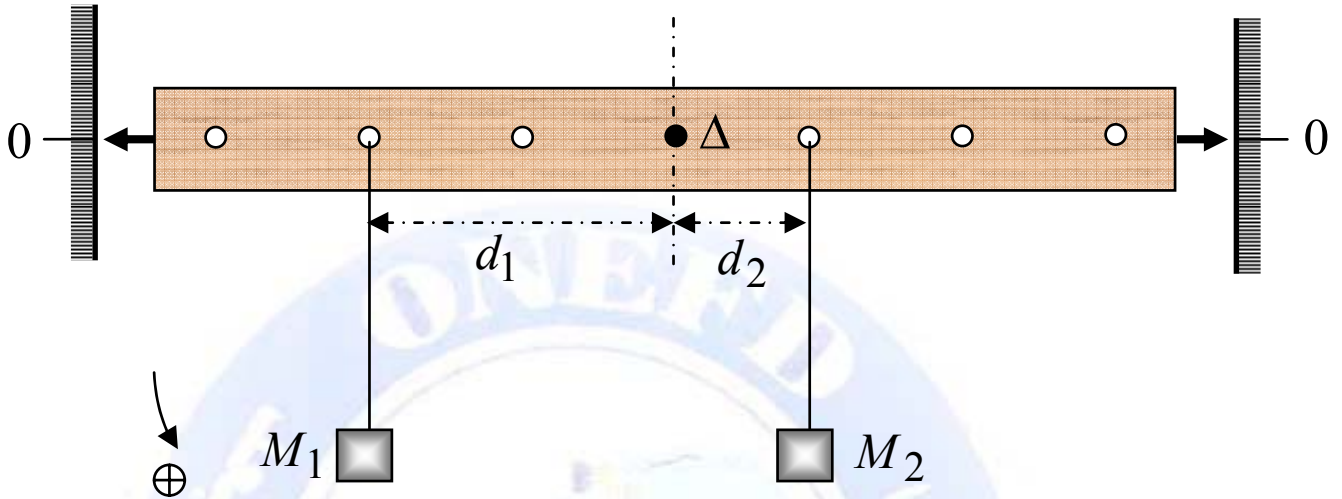
$$J_{\Delta'} = 13,33 . 10^{-3} Kg . m^2 : ( \Delta' )$$

- 4

\_\_\_\_\_ :

( ) .

$\Delta$  )  
 $\Delta$  )



- 1

$M_1(Kg)$	0,05	0,1	0,5
$d_1(m)$	0,05	0,2	0,15
$M_{\Delta}(\vec{P}_1) = P_1 \times d_1(N.m)$			
$M_2(Kg)$	0,1	0,05	0,3
$d_2(m)$	0.025	0,4	0,25
$M_{\Delta}(\vec{P}_2) = P_2 \times d_2(N.m)$			
$\sum M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = M_{\Delta}(\vec{P}_1) + M_{\Delta}(\vec{P}_2)$			

- 2

\_\_\_\_\_ :

-1

$\vec{P}_1$

$\vec{P}_2$

$M_1(Kg)$	0,05	0,1	0,5
$d_1(m)$	0,05	0,2	0,15
$M_{\Delta}(\vec{P}_1) = P_1 \times d_1(N.m)$	<b>0,025</b>	<b>0,02</b>	<b>0,075</b>
$M_2(Kg)$	0,1	0,05	0,3
$d_2(m)$	0,025	0,4	0,25
$M_{\Delta}(\vec{P}_2) = P_2 \times d_2(N.m)$	<b>-0,025</b>	<b>-0,02</b>	<b>-0,075</b>
$\sum M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = M_{\Delta}(\vec{P}_1) + M_{\Delta}(\vec{P}_2)$	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

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:

إذا كان بإمكان جسم صلب الدوران حول محور ثابت (  $\Delta$  )

(  $\Delta$  )

$$\sum M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = 0$$

: - 2 - 4

:

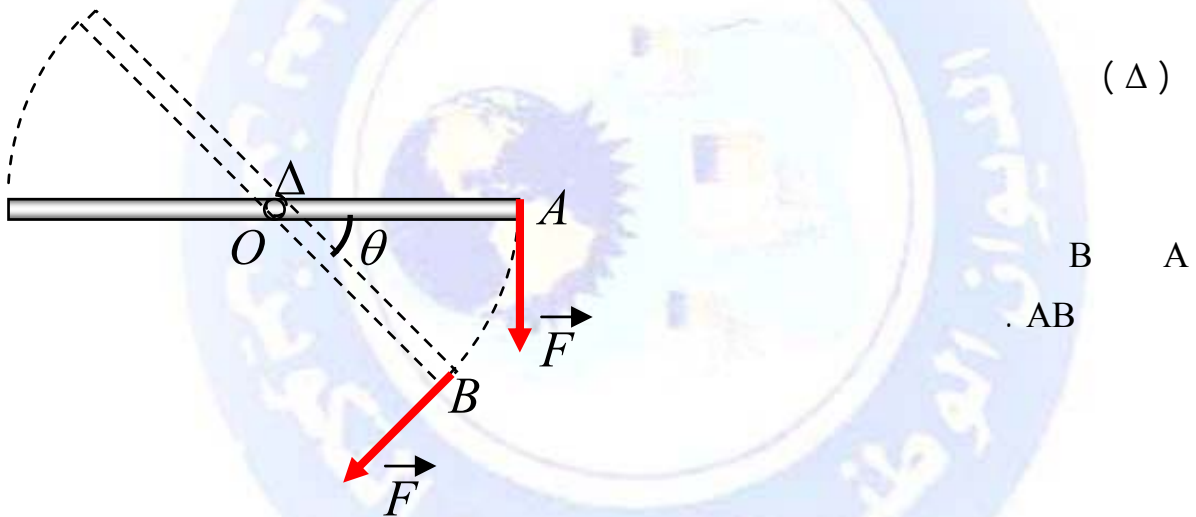
- 1

$$\sum \vec{F} = \vec{0}$$

- 2

$$\sum M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = 0$$

- 5



... L<sub>2</sub> L<sub>1</sub> AB - 1: \_\_\_\_\_

$\vec{F}$  - 2

AB  $\vec{F}$  - 3

. AB

$\theta$   $\vec{F}$  - 4

$$\vec{F} \cdot \vec{AB} = F \cdot AB \cdot \cos(\alpha) \quad (1)$$

$$\alpha \approx 0 \quad \cos(\alpha) \approx 1 \quad (2)$$

$$W_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = F \cdot L_1 \quad (3)$$

$$W_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = F \cdot L_2 \quad (4)$$

$$W_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = F \cdot L_n \quad (5)$$

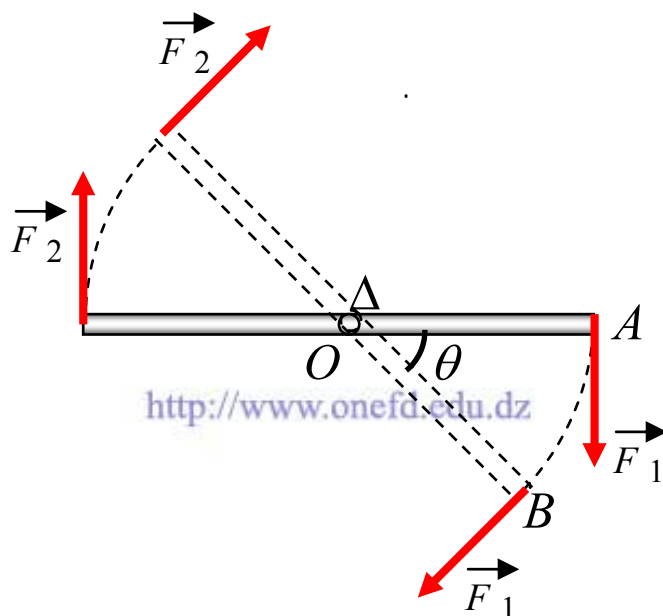
$$W_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = \sum W_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) \Rightarrow W_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = F \cdot AB \quad (6)$$

$$AB = R \times \theta \quad (7)$$

$$W_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = F \cdot R \cdot \theta \quad (8)$$

$$W_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = F \cdot R \quad (9)$$

$$W_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) \times \theta \quad (10)$$

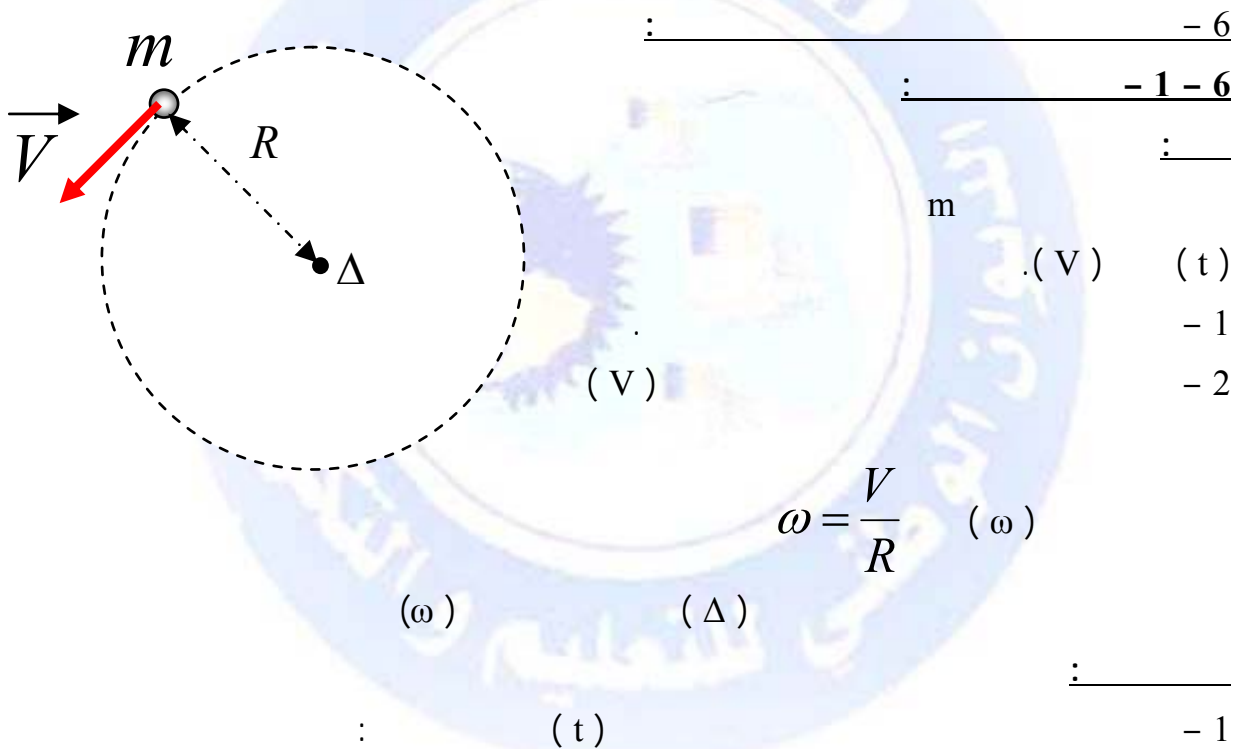


$$(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2)$$

$\theta$

$$W(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2) = M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1) \cdot \theta + M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_2) \cdot \theta$$

$$W(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2) = M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2) \cdot \theta$$



$$E_c = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot V^2$$

$$V = R \cdot \omega$$

$$E_c = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot (R \cdot \omega)^2 \Rightarrow E_c = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \underbrace{m \cdot R^2}_{J_{\Delta}} \cdot \omega^2$$

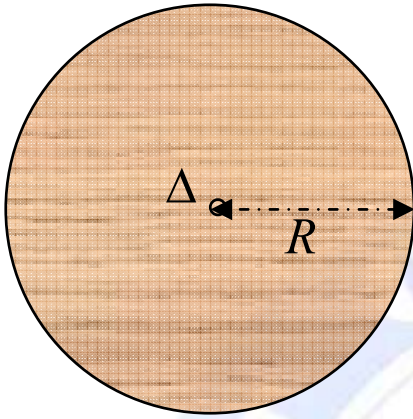
$$E_c = \frac{1}{2} \cdot J_{\Delta} \cdot \omega^2$$

( $\Delta$ ) ، و ( $\omega$ ) تمثل السرعة الزاوية

$J_{\Delta}$

للمنطقة المادية و تقدر في جملة الوحدات الدولية بـ  $rad / s$





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\_\_\_\_\_ :  
- 1

( R )

( J<sub>Δ</sub> )

$$E_c = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (J_{\Delta})_1 \cdot \omega^2 \quad : (1)$$

$$E_c = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (J_{\Delta})_2 \cdot \omega^2 \quad : (2)$$

$$E_c = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (J_{\Delta})_n \cdot \omega^2 \quad : (n)$$

:

- 2

$$E_c = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{2} \cdot (J_{\Delta})_i \cdot \omega^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$E_c = \frac{1}{2} J_{\Delta} \cdot \omega^2$$

.( Δ )

( J<sub>Δ</sub> )

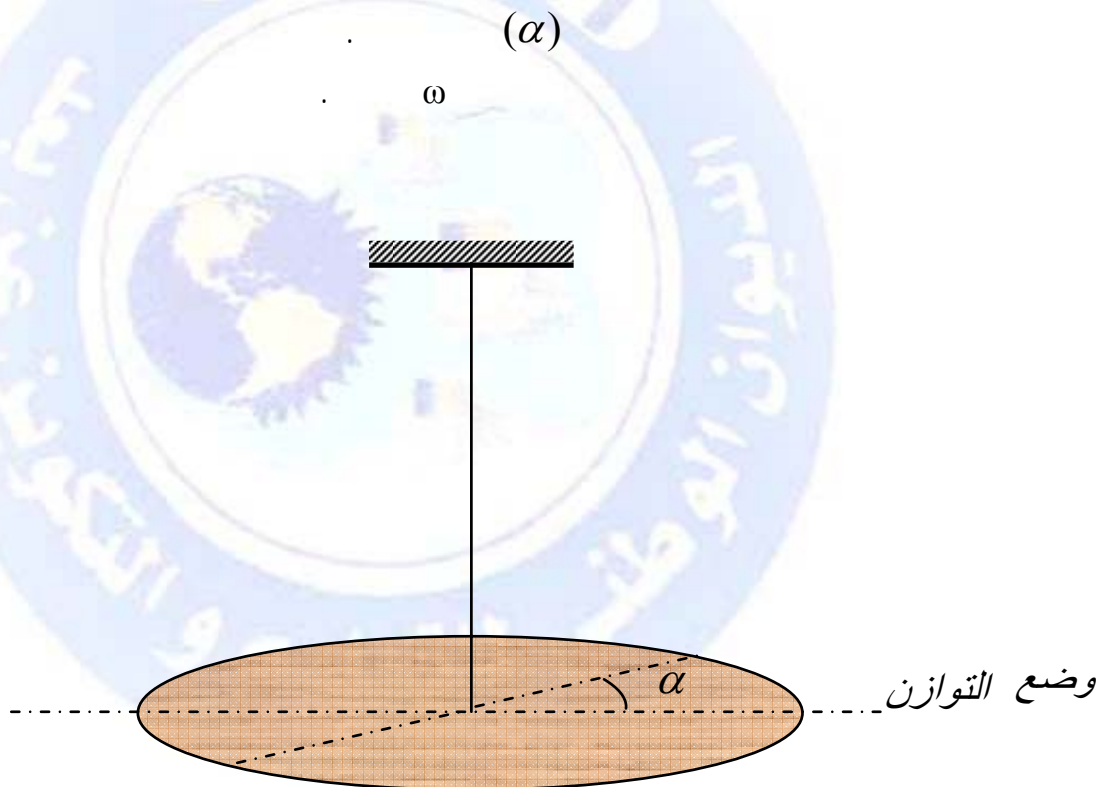


:

$$J_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} m.R^2$$

$$J_{\Delta} = 2.10^{-2} \text{ Kg.m}^2$$

$$C = 2.10^{-3} \text{ N.m/rad}$$



:

( $\alpha$ )

$\alpha$ (rad)	0,52	1,05	1,57	2,09
$\omega$ (rad/ s)	0,16	0,33	0,50	0,66
$E_c$ (joule )				
$\alpha^2$ (rad) <sup>2</sup>				

$$\alpha^2 = f(E_c)$$

- 1

- 2

$$(a) \quad \frac{2}{C} \quad -3$$

$$(\quad + \quad) \quad -4$$

$$\alpha \quad E_{pe}$$

$$.( \quad )$$

$$-5$$

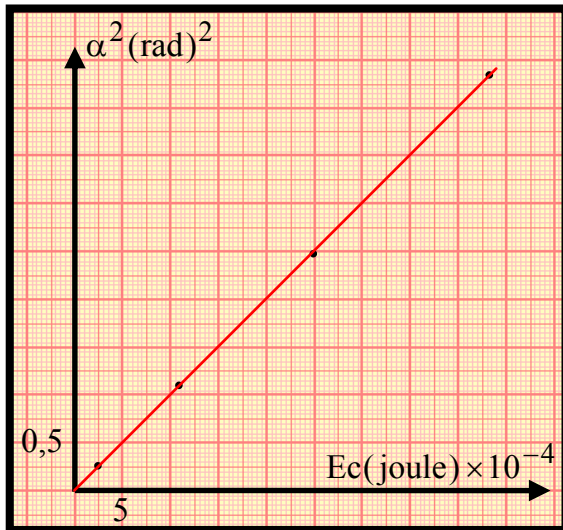
$$: \quad \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$: \quad -1$$

$$E_c = \frac{1}{2} J_{\Delta} \cdot \omega^2$$

$\alpha$ (rad)	0,52	1,05	1,57	2,09
$\omega$ (rad/ s)	0,16	0,33	0,50	0,66
$E_c$ ( joule ) $\times 10^{-4}$	2,6	10,9	25,0	43,6
$\alpha^2$ ( rad ) $^2$	0,27	1,10	2,46	4,37

$$\alpha^2 = f(E_c) \quad -$$



- 2

$$\alpha^2 = a.Ec$$

$$\frac{2}{C} \quad (a)$$

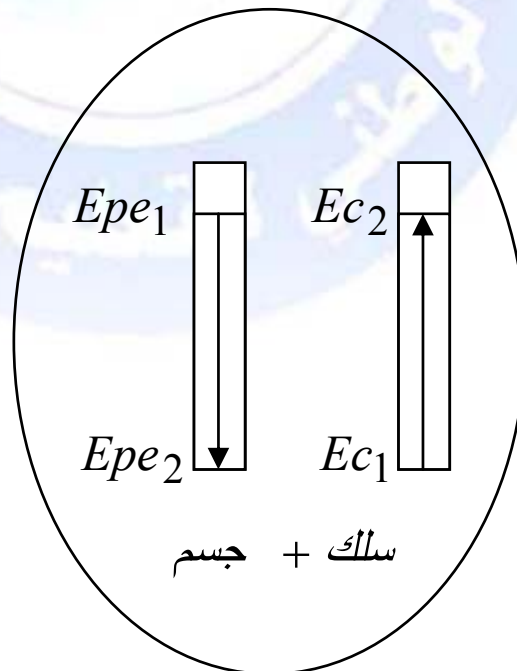
- 3

$$\frac{\frac{a}{2}}{C} = \frac{1000}{2 \cdot 2.10^{-3}} \Rightarrow a = \frac{2}{C}$$

$$\alpha^2 = \frac{2}{C} . Ec$$

: ( + )

- 4



$$|E = E_2 - E_1 = \sum \Delta Ec + \sum \Delta Ep + \sum \Delta Ei = \sum Q + \sum Wm + \sum We + \sum Er$$

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$$\sum \Delta Ec + \sum \Delta Ep + 0 = 0 + 0 + 0 + 0$$

$$\Delta Ec + \Delta Epe = 0 \Rightarrow Ec_2 - Ec_1 = Epe_1 - Epe_2$$

:

$$Ec_2 = Epe_1 \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

5 - استنتاج عبارة الطاقة الكامنة المرونية لنواس الفتل:

من المعادلة المستخرجة من البيان نجد:

$$\alpha^2 = \frac{2}{C} . Ec \Rightarrow$$

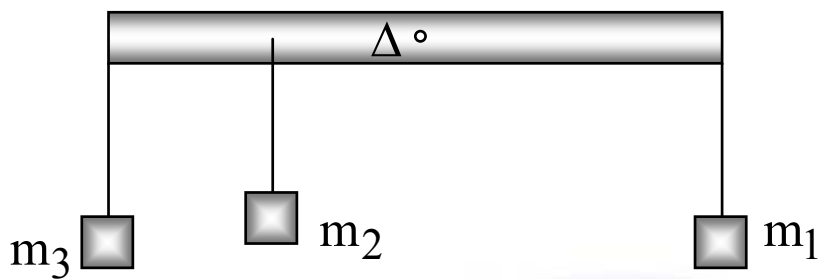
$$Ec = \frac{1}{2} C . \alpha^2 \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

: (2) (1)

$$Epe = \frac{1}{2} C . \alpha^2$$

(C)

(α)



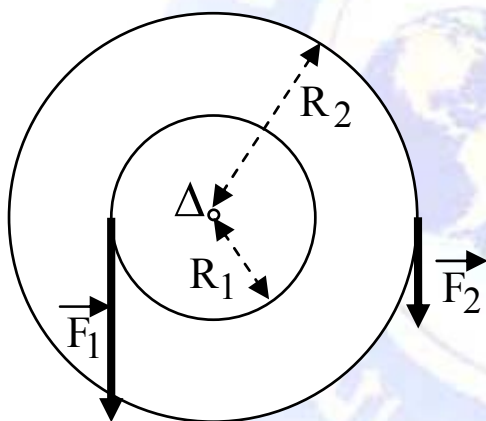
:1 \_\_\_\_\_

( Δ )

.  $m_3 = 20 \text{ g}$      $m_1 = 100 \text{ g}$   
 . ( Δ )

$m_3$      $m_2$      $m_1$   
 $m_2$

:2 \_\_\_\_\_



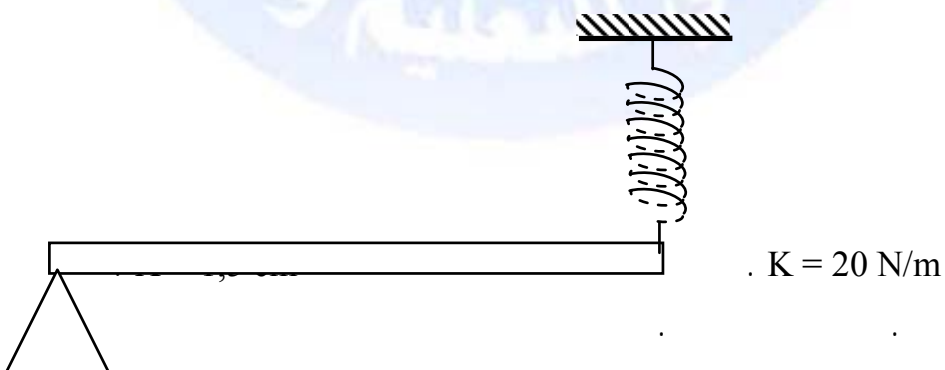
( Δ )

$R_1 = 10 \text{ cm}$

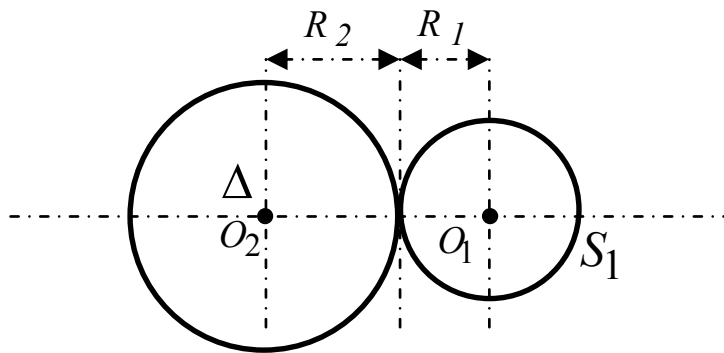
.  $R_2 = 20 \text{ cm}$

$F_1 = 20 \text{ N}$

:3 \_\_\_\_\_



.  $K = 20 \text{ N/m}$



:4

( S )

: ( S<sub>2</sub> ) ( S<sub>1</sub> )

( S<sub>1</sub> ) -

S<sub>2</sub>

R<sub>1</sub> = 15cm

m<sub>1</sub> = 100g

R<sub>2</sub> = 25cm

m<sub>2</sub> = 200g

( S<sub>2</sub> ) -

( Δ )

( O<sub>2</sub> )

:5

. m = 2tonne

R = 50cm

t<sub>1</sub>

t<sub>2</sub>

M<sub>Δ</sub> = 3,5.10<sup>3</sup> N.m

. 360tr / min

. t<sub>2</sub>

t<sub>1</sub>

- 1

- 2

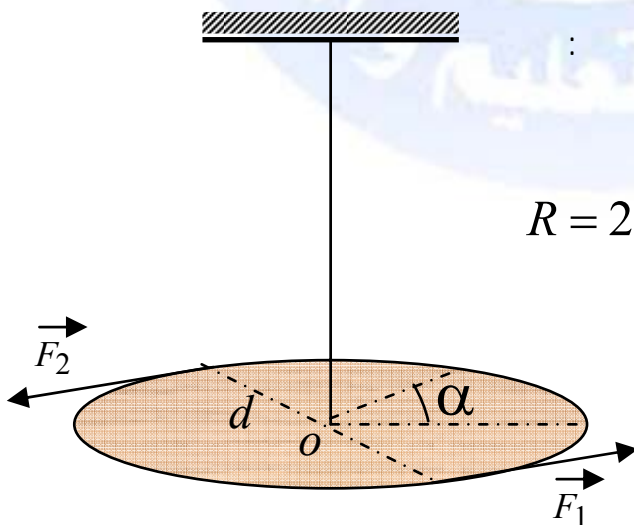
. t<sub>2</sub>

. t<sub>2</sub>

t<sub>1</sub>

- 3

:6



R = 20cm

m = 400g

- 1

$$\alpha = \frac{\pi}{6} rad \quad - 2$$

$$F_1 = F_2 = F = 2N$$

(C)

$t_2$

$t_1$

- 3

$\omega$

$t_2 \quad t_1 \quad ( \quad + \quad )$

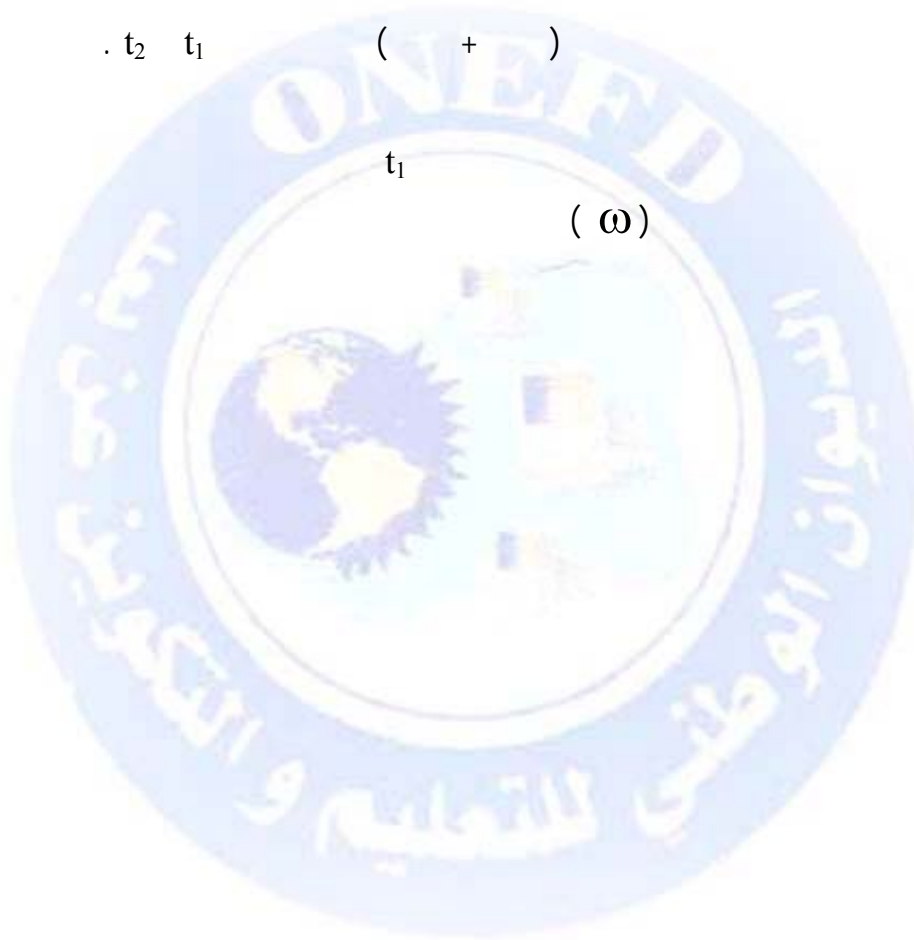
/  
/

$t_2$

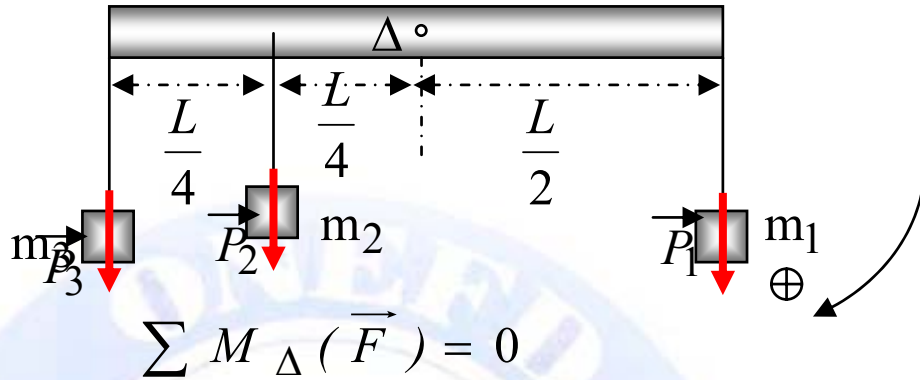
$t_1$

(  $\omega$  )

/



1:



$$M(\vec{P}_1) + M(\vec{P}_2) + M(\vec{P}_3) = 0$$

$$m_1 g \times \frac{L}{2} - m_2 g \times \frac{L}{4} - m_3 g \times \frac{L}{4} = 0$$

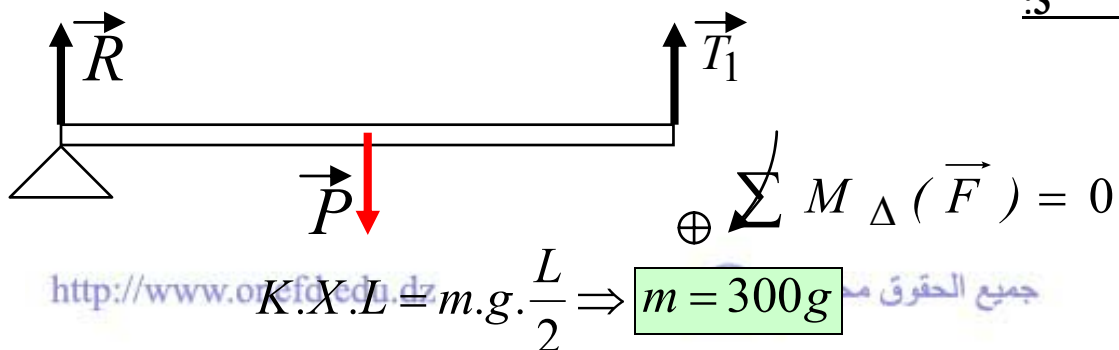
$$m_2 = 4 \times \left( \frac{m_1}{2} - \frac{m_3}{4} \right)$$

$$m_2 = 180 \text{ g}$$

2:

$$F_2 = 10 \text{ N} :$$

3:





$$J_{\Delta}(S) = J_{\Delta}(S_1) + J_{\Delta}(S_2)$$

(S)

$$J_{\Delta'} = J_{\Delta} + M.d^2$$

(S<sub>1</sub>)

$$J_{\Delta}(S_1) = J_{O_1} + m_1.(R_1 + R_2)^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$J_{\Delta}(S_1) = \frac{1}{2}m_1R_1^2 + m_1.(R_1 + R_2)^2$$

:

$$J_{\Delta}(S_1) = 1,7.10^{-3} \text{ Kg.m}^2$$

(S<sub>2</sub>)

$$J_{\Delta}(S_2) = J_{O_2} + m_2.d^2 \Rightarrow J_{\Delta}(S_2) = \frac{1}{2}m_2R_2^2 + 0$$

:

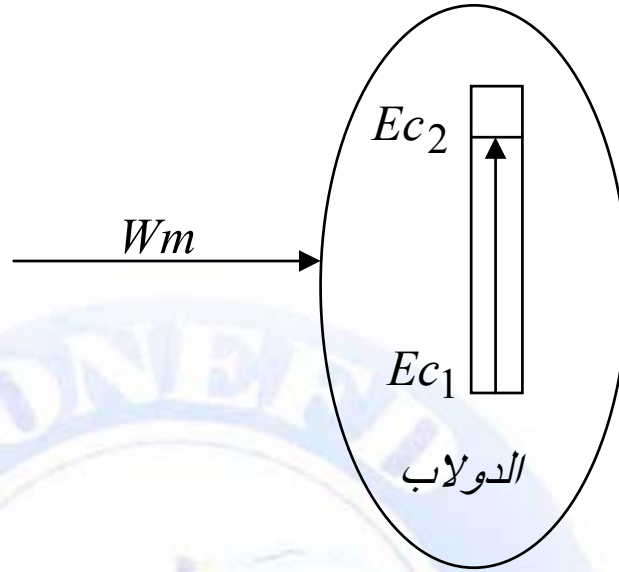
$$J_{\Delta}(S_2) = 6,2.10^{-3} \text{ Kg.m}^2$$

: (S)

$$J_{\Delta}(S) = J_{\Delta}(S_1) + J_{\Delta}(S_2) \Rightarrow$$

$$J_{\Delta}(S) = 7,9.10^{-3} \text{ Kg.m}^2$$

$t_2 \quad t_1$



: - 2

$$E = E_2 - E_1 = \sum \Delta Ec + \sum \Delta Ep + \sum \Delta Ei = \sum Q + \sum Wm + \sum We + \sum Er$$

$$\Delta Ec = Wm \Rightarrow Ec_2 - Ec_1 = Wm$$

:

$$Ec_2 = Wm$$

:

- 3

$$Ec_2 = Wm \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} J . \omega^2 = M ( \overrightarrow{F_1}, \overrightarrow{F_2} ) \times \alpha$$

:

$$\alpha = \frac{J . \omega^2}{2 \times M ( \overrightarrow{F_1}, \overrightarrow{F_2} )}$$

:

$$J = \frac{1}{2} m . R^2 \Rightarrow J = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 . 10^3 \times \frac{360 \times 2 \times \pi}{60} \Rightarrow$$

$$J = 37680 \text{ Kg.m}^2$$

$$\alpha = \frac{J \cdot \omega^2}{2 \times M (\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2)} \Rightarrow$$

$$\alpha = \frac{37680 \times (37,68)^2}{2 \times 3,5 \cdot 10^3}$$

$$\alpha = 7642,5 \text{ rad} :$$

$$t_2 - t_1 : 2\pi$$

1217 دورة

:6

- 1

- 2

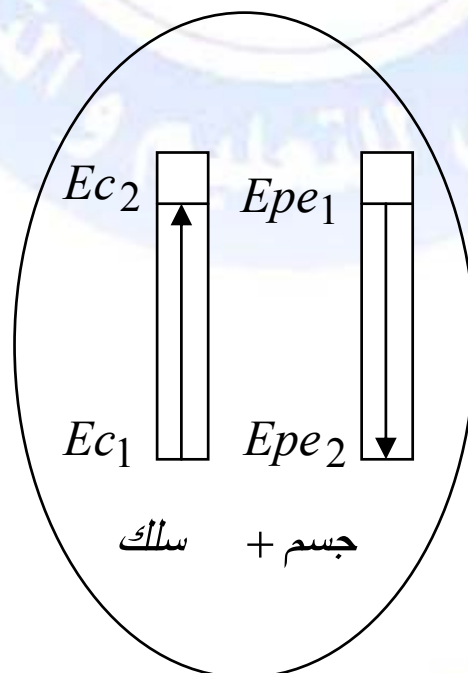
$$\sum M_{\Delta}(\vec{F}) = 0 :$$

$$M(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2) = C \cdot \alpha \Rightarrow F \times (2R) = C \times \alpha \Rightarrow C = \frac{F \times (2R)}{\alpha}$$

$$C = 1,53 \text{ N.m / rad} :$$

- 3

/



$$E = E_2 - E_1 = \sum \Delta Ec + \sum \Delta Ep + \sum \Delta Ei = \sum Q + \sum Wm + \sum We + \sum Er$$

$$\sum \Delta Ec + \sum \Delta Ep + 0 = 0 + 0 + 0 + 0$$

$$\Delta Epe = -\Delta Ec \Rightarrow Epe_2 - Epe_1 = Ec_1 - Ec_2$$

:

$$Epe_1 = Ec_2$$

$\omega$

/

:

$$Epe_1 = Ec_2 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} C . \alpha^2 = \frac{1}{2} J . \omega^2 \Rightarrow \omega = \alpha \times \sqrt{\frac{C}{J}}$$

:( J )

$$J = 8.10^{-3} Kg.m^2 :$$

$$J = \frac{1}{2} m . R^2$$

$$\omega = 7,24 rad / s :$$